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Barcode: 587928

Number of pages: 20

Southern Yemen. Relations with Muscat and Oman

DEPARTMENT OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

SECF 27/8/79
15/11/41 15

No	151/11/41
PART	No1

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STATEMENT OF REASONS FOR DECISION UNDER SECTION 40(5) OF THE ARCHIVES ACT 1983

Series: A1838

Control: 151/11/41 Part 1

Barcode: 587928

Title: Southern Yemen - Relations with Other Countries - Muscat and Oman

Decision Maker: Andrew Chalmers

Designation: Senior Access Examiner, APS6

Date: 8 September 2016

In accordance with requirements of subsection 8(1) of the *Archives Act* 1983 (Cth) (Archives Act), I am a person authorised by the Director-General, pursuant to an Instrument of Delegation, to make a decision in relation to access to the requested record.

Basis for decision

In making my decision, I considered:

- the content of the record requested
- the relevant provisions of the Archives Act 1983
- policy and guidelines of National Archives of Australia that relate to the access examination of Commonwealth records
- information provided by other Commonwealth agencies on which I have relied in formulating my decision

Decision

I have decided that this item is OPEN WITH EXCEPTION under section 33(1)(a) of the Archives Act for the reasons set out below.

Folios 9-10 are partially exempt.

The findings of facts

Section 33(1)(a) of the Archives Act provides that:

information or matter the disclosure of which under this Act could reasonably be expected to cause damage to the security, defence or international relations of the Commonwealth.



This record contains:

 Information that could affect Commonwealth relations with the current government of a foreign country.

Reasons for decision

- Public disclosure of this information would reasonably be expected to cause resentment and possible retaliation on the part of foreign governments, and thus damage Australia's international relations.
- International relations are dependent on the adequate flow of information between one country and another. If sensitive information were disclosed, it could lessen the confidence of a foreign government in the Australian government and thus damage Australia's international relations.

Review of decision

The National Archives of Australia (the Archives) carefully examines records before deciding to exempt any part of them. As part of that process we may consult with other agencies which have expertise on specific national and international matters.

If you do not agree with the decision, you can formally appeal within 28 days of receiving:

- 1. by first applying to the Archives for an internal reconsideration of my decision; and
- 2. if you still do not agree with the decision, you can apply to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal for a review.

For more information please read the **National Archives Fact Sheet 12** What to do if we refuse you access (www.naa.gov.au/about-us/publications/fact-sheets/fs12.aspx).

DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS



INWARD CABLEGRAM

CAI

I.99502

FROM

TOD 01.10.71.0.1055 LT

AUSTRALIAN MISSION TO UNITED NATIONS

TOR 02.10.71...0103 LT

NEW YORK

UN. 759 UNCLASSIFIED

ADMISSION OF OMAN TO THE UNITED NATIONS

ON 30 SEPTEMBER 1971, THE SECURITY COUNCIL UNANIMOUSLY ADOPTED THE FOLLOWING RESOLUTION ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF ITS ADMISSIONS COMMITTEE:

BEGINS:

THE SECURITY COUNCIL, (UNDERLINED)
HAVING EXAMINED (UNDERLINE TWO) THE APPLICATION OF OMAN FOR
ADMISSION TO THE UNITED NATIONS (S/10216), (UNDERLINE IN BRACKETS)
RECOMMENDS (UNDERLINED) TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY THAT OMAN BE
ADMITTED TO MEMBERSHIP IN THE UNITED NATIONS.

ENDS ...

THE PDR OF YEMEN INTERVENED TO REITERATE THEIR OPPOSITION TO OMAN'S MEMBERSHIP.

A/FOREIGN MINISTER
DEPT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS
MIN AND DEPT DEFENCE
JIO
PMS

ACTION: UNIA

SEC DEPSEC(A) A/DEPSEC(B) PR LA FAS(A) NA SA SEA FAS(PW) PC EAME FAS(DEF) DP IC FAS(DVP) ICR FAS(IO) UNIA SAS(LGL) LTB UNL FAS(MS)

CAIRO DAR ES SALAAM ISLAMABAD TEHERAN TEL AVIV

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file 151/11/41

UP 1-114

1

SOUTHYEMEN 4/7
ADEN (UPI) -- THE REPUBLIC OF THE SOUTHERN YEMEN SUNDAY NIGHT
LAUNCHED AN ATTACK AGAINST THE LEADER OF THE BRITISH CONSERVATIVE

PARTY AND BRITISH NEAR-EAST POLICY.
PRIME MINISTER AND FOREIGN MINISTER FAISAL ABDULLA ALL SHHABI ACCUSED TORY LEADER EDWARD HEATH AND BRITAIN IN GENERAL OF SEEKING TO SEIZE POWER IN THE ARABIAN GULF SHEIKHDOMS AND STAYING THERE TO EXPLOIT OIL RESOURCES.

AL SHABBI WAS COMMENTING ON HEATHAS CURRENT VISIT TO IRAN,
PART OF A TOUR OF THE MIDDLE EAST.
HE SAID NO MATTER WHICH PARTY RULES BRITAIN, THE COUNTRY WILL CONTINUE AN +IMPERIALIST+ POLICY IN THE GULF AREA

AIMED AT CONTROLLING OIL WEALTH AND RETAINING MILITARY BASES.

HE ADDED BRITAIN PLANS TO DESTROY THE GULFAS ARABIC

CHARACTER AND +CREATE ANOTHER PALESTINE BY COORDINATING POLICY WITH OTHER POWERS INTERESTED IN THE GULF REGION .+

THE PRIME MINISTER URGED SUPPORT FOR THE LIBERATION MOVEMENT IN THE GULF AREA AND SAID +ONLY THE GULF PEOPLE SHOULD DECIDE THE AREA's

CONFIDENTIAL

DEPARTMENT OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

CONFIDENTIAL 24 NOV 67

FROM LONDON

TO RR WELLINGTON 5641
RPTD RR NEW YORK 149

file 151/11/41

PR South year frequents

SOUTH ARABIA

NEW YORKS 322 (716 TO WELLINGTON). FOREIGN OFFICE CONFIRMED TO US THAT THE BRITISH HAD CONSULTED THE INHABITANTS OF THE KURIA MURIA ISLANDS WHO HAD EXPRESSED A DESIRE TO JOIN OMAN, AND THAT THESE ISLAND WILL THEREFORE NOT RPT NOT FORM A PART OF INDEPENDENT SOUTH ARABIA. LORD SHACKLETON HAS ALREADY TOLD THE NLF DELEGATION IN GENEVA ABOUT THIS PROPOSAL, AND THEY TOOK IT RATHER BADLY.

- 2. PERIM AND KAMARAN ARE TO BE INCORPORATED IN SOUTH ARABIA ACCORDING TO THE WISHES OF THEIR INHABITANTS. BLATHERWICK, THE DESM OFFICER, CONFIRMED THAT THE IDEA OF INTERNATIONALISING PERIM HAD BEEN REJECTED BY THE UNITED NATIONS AND DROPPED BY THE BRITISH NOT RPT NOT THAT THEY HAD SERIOUSLY EXPECTED ANY OTHER RESULT.
- 3. FORMAL ANNOUNCEMENT OF THESE DISPOSITIONS IS TO BE MADE ON MONDAY.
- 4. LORD SHACKLETON RETURNED TODAY FOR CONSULTATIONS. THE PAPERS SUGGEST THAT HE IS TO DISCUSS THE QUESTION OF AID TO SOUTH ARABIA., BLATHERWICK SAID THIS WAS NOT RPT NOT THE CASE AND HE HAD IN FACT RETURNED TO DISCUSS THE REFORM OF THE HOUSE OF LORDS THOUGH HE DID CONSULT WITH THE FOREIGN SECRETARY. WE GAINED THE IMPRESSION, HOWEVER, THAT THE NEGOTIATORS IN GENEVA HAVE NOT RPT NOT YET COME TO GRIPS WITH THE PROBLEM OF FUTURE AID.

U.35517 PRIME MINISTER SECRETARY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS RECD: 242245Z NOV 67

DEPUTY

CONFIDENTIAL

At Kirtley

150,000/12/66—29163 W





CABLE ADDRESS AUSTUNAT, NEW YORK

TELEPHONE YUKON 6-7676 AUSTRALIAN MISSION TO THE UNITED NATIONS 750 THIRD AVENUE NEW YORK, N. Y. 10017

20th December, 1967.

File No. 606/15

The Secretary,

DEFAMINENT OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS CANBERRA

JAN 1968

Memorandum No. 1336/67 3 File No.

NOM. INDEX

Department of External Affairs

Canberra A.C.T.

granin to return

South Yemen

Attached to this memorandum is a copy of a note from the Secretary-General enclosing a communication, dated the 3rd December, 1967, from the Minister of Foreign Affairs of the People's Republic of Southern Yemen. The communication criticises the British Government for transferring the small Kuria Muria Islands to the Sultan of Muscat when Aden got its independence on the 30 November.

As reported in our telegrams 2009 and 2027, the Fourth Committee on the 29 November, and the Plenary meeting on the 30th, adopted a consensus on Aden which said that the territorial integrity of the territory should be preserved. The intention was to make sure that all the islands which had been administered from Aden should be handed over to the new Government of Southern Yemen.

The five islands which comprised hundreds of miles from total population of seventy-eight. They are some hundreds of miles from total population of seventy-eight are some hundreds. They seem to be something of a back-water, even by the standards of South Arabia, but the British decision to hand them back to Muscat was hotly criticised by all the Arabs in the Assembly, and clearly annoyed the new government of Southern Yemen. Quite possibly the last has not been heard of this issue.

MR KHRTLEY PLEASE DESTROY DUPLICATE COPY

AND ATTACHMENT IF NOT REQUIRED

KHR/jc

K.H. Rogers Minister

Oman

DEPARTMENT OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

INWARD CABLEGRAM

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CD:

FROM:

DATED:

14TH DECEMBER, 1967. 9111.

1750 LT.

AUSTRALIAN MISSION TO UNITED NATIONS, REC'D: 15TH DECEMBER, 1967. NEW YORK.

1841 I.T.

UN. 2292. UNCLASSIFIED.

ADDRESSED CANBERRA UN. 2292, REPEATED WASHINGTON.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY - SOUTHERN YEMEN.

OUR 2246.

ASSEMBLY THIS MORNING 14TH DECEMBER ADOPTED BY ACCLAMATION A RESOLUTION ADMITTING THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF SOUTHERN YEMEN TO MEMBERSHIP IN THE UNITED NATIONS.

IRAQ, INDIA, UNITED KINGDOM, UAR, PAKISTAN, VENEZUELA, SUDAN, ALBANIA, FRANCE, UNITED STATES, POLAND, SOMALIA, ICELAND, AFGHANISTAN, TANZANIA, IRAN, DOMINICA AND YEMEN SPOKE IN WELCOME.

2. THE TANZANIAN STATEMENT WAS A STRONG ATTACK ON BRITISH COLONIAL POLICY.

YEMEN QUOTED THE PRIME MINISTER OF YEMEN IN FAVOUR OF UNI-FICATION OF THE TWO REPUBLICS OF YEMEN AND SOUTHERN YEMEN.

3. THE SOUTHERN YEMEN FOREIGN MINISTER THEN SPOKE. HE PAID A COMPLIMENT TO THE ADENIS WHO HAD DIED FIGHTING FOR INDEPENDENCE, AND THANKED THE UNITED NATIONS ORGANS AND REPRE-SENTATIVES WHICH HAD BEEN OF ASSISTANCE.

HE THANKED IN PARTICULAR THE "PEOPLES OF AFRICA AND ASIA AND OF THE SOCIALIST COUNTRIES, AND ESPECIALLY THE ARAB NATION". THE PEOPLE OF SOUTHERN YEMEN HAD TRIED FOR YEARS TO CONVINCE

BRITAIN PEACEFULLY OF THEIR RIGHT TO INDEPENDENCE, BUT WITHOUT SUCCESS, AND THEY HAD THEREFORE HAD TO TURN TO ARMED STRUGGLE TO FREE AND UNIFY SOUTHERN YEMEN.

NOW THEY WERE INDEPENDENT THEY WOULD NOT REST UNTIL OTHER OPPRESSED PEOPLE WERE INDEPENDENT ALSO, AND IN PURSUIT OF THIS PRINCIPLE WOULD DO WHATEVER WAS REQUIRED.

THEY WOULD EXTEND HELP PARTICULARLY TO THE PALESTINE PEOPLE AND TO " ANY ARAB PEOPLE THAT IS NOT FREE" .

CD: -2-

I. 83608

THEY WOULD WORK TOWARDS ARAB UNITY AND IN THE FIRST PLACE THE UNITY OF YEMEN, NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN.

THE KURIA MURIA ISLANDS WERE A RIGHTFUL PART OF SOUTHERN YEMEN, WHICH COULD NOT RECOGNISE BRITAIN'S ACTION IN GIVING THEM TO MUSCAT.

IN FOREIGN POLICY SOUTHERN YEMEN WOULD FOLLOW A POLICY OF "POSITIVE NEUTRALITY AND NON-ALIGNMENT", IN COOPERATION WITH THE AFRO-ASIAN COUNTRIES.

INTERNALLY THE GOVERNMENT WOULD CARRY OUT A "PROGRESSIVE

REVOLUTIONARY " PROGRAMME .

AID WOULD BE NEEDED FOR THIS, AND SOUTHERN YEMEN WOULD BE GLAD TO ACCEPT AID FROM ANY SOURCES, PROVIDED ONLY THAT IT WAS WITHOUT STRINGS.

MIN. AND DEPT OF E.A. MIN. AND DEPT OF DEFENCE P.M. S

16TH DECEMBER, 1967.

SEC DEP SEC FAS(1) AS(JIC) SEA DL INT FAS(2) UN PACAM AMSP PPO FAS(3) FAS(4) EAMEC & AFME ICR PIO



FRAMEN CALLEGRAM

THE WAR LINE IN THE STOLEN

Mer Kotsbeck (Registry) for new file - Southern / Relations 1.79921 unt Do Musear a Oman

KAN

FROM:

DATED:

30TH NOVEMBER, 1967

2020 LT.

AUSTRALIAN MISSION TO UNITED NATIONS, NEW YORK.

REC D:

1ST DECEMBER, 1967.

1308 LT.

UN. 2027

RESTRICTED.

ADDRESSED CANBERRA UN. 2027, REPEATED WASHINGTON, LONDON (EXTERNAL) 789.

ADEN.

OUR TELEGRAM 2009.

THE CONSENSUS ADOPTED AT FOURTH COMMITTEES MEETING ON 29TH NOVEMBER WAS INCLUDED IN A REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE WHICH WAS CONSIDERED IN PLENARY ON 30TH NOVEMBER.

THE REPORT MENTIONED THE RESERVATIONS CONCERNING THE CONSENSUS MADE BY THE UNITED KINGDOM, UNITED STATES, FRANCE, ITALY, ISRAEL AND AUSTRALIA.

2. IN PLENARY THE BRITISH REPRESENTATIVE (CARADON) SAID HE HAD ONE RESERVATION ABOUT ONE SECTION OF THE CONSENSUS.

HE THEN READ OUT AN ANNOUNCEMENT MADE IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS TODAY BY THE FOREIGN SECRETARY WHICH SAID THAT THE INHABITANTS OF THE OFF-SHORE ISLANDS HAD BEEN CONSULTED ABOUT THEIR FUTURE DURING THE PAST TWO MONTHS WITH THE RESULT THAT PERIM AND KAMARAN AND SUKOTRA WOULD GOT WITH THE NEW STATE OF SOUTH YEMEN.

KURAI MURIA WOULD REVERT TO MUSCAT.

THE 78 PEOPLE OF THE FIVE ISLANDS OF KURIA MURIA AHD NEVER BEEN A PART OF SOUTH ARABIA AND HAVING BEEN CONSULTED RECENTLY, THEY SAID THEY WANTED TO RETURN TO MUSCAT.

AGREEMENT HAD BEEN MADE TODAY FOR THE TRANSFER OF SOVEREIGNTY OVER KURIA MURIA TO MUSCAT.

3. BRITAIN HAD WANTED TO INTER-NATIONALIZE PERIM BUT NEITHER THE SECRETARY-GENERAL NOR THE SPECIAL MISSION ON ADEN HAD LIKED THE IDEA.

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I.79921

ALL THE ARAB DELEGATIONS TO THE UNITED NATIONS HAD BEEN OPPOSED AND NOW THE INHABITANTS HAD SAID THEY WANTED TO JOIN SOUTH YEMEN.

4. BRITISH DELEGATION HAD NOT BEEN IN A POSITION TO REVEAL ALL THIS UNTIL TODAY BECAUSE IT WOULD HAVE BEEN A BREACH OF CONFIDENCE OF THE GENEVA NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE NATIONAL LIBERATION FRONT.

5. IRAQ, SUDAN, TANZANIA, SYRIA AND MALI CRITICIZED THE

BRITISH STATEMENT.

IRAQ SAID THAT LAST YEARS ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION 2183 WHICH THE BRITISH HAD SUPPORTED HAD SAID THAT THE TERRITORY OF ADEN INCLUDED ALL THE OFF-SHORE ISLANDS AND THAT THE BRITISH IN DECIDING AT THE LAST MINUTE TO CONSULT THE INHABITANTS WERE REALLY ONLY TRYING TO TRANSFER THE ISLANDS TO A TERRITORY STILL UNDER BRITISH DOMINATIONS.

6. THE UNITED STATES AND ISRAEL REPEATED THEIR RESERVATIONS TO THE CONSENSUS.

7. AT SUGGESTION OF THE PRESIDENT, THE CONSENSUS WAS ADOPTED

WITHOUT ANY FORMAL VOTE.

WE DID NOT THINK IT NECESSARY TO MAKE A RESERVATION BECAUSE THE FOURTH COMMITTEES REPORT NOTED THAT WE HAD DONE THIS WHEN THE CONSENSUS WAS ADOPTED IN THE COMMITTEE.

MIN. & DEPT E.A.

MIN. & DEPT TERRITORIES

A.G. & DEPT.

P.M. 'S

1ST NOVEMBER, 1967.

SEC FAS(1) AS(JIC) SEA DL INT FAS(2) UN@ PACAM AMSP PPO FAS(3) FAS(4) EAMEC E AFME C CR L&T LA

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EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

FILE No.
c/ /-
DATE 5/12/67

SUBJECT People's Republic of Southern Yemen Me Kosfack Could your please start a FOR Registry new fele with this in the Kegistry Kelalions 151/11/41) series - "Kelalions me know the number. a les. Lave now become an undefendent state, under the tille above. When you get time, could you amend the title on the files? With any files that are fairly full, it would be a good offortunity to begin a filel part.

& Kistley AFME

BKP

I.80341

FROM:

DATED: 2ND DECEMBER, 1967.

1745 LT

AUSTRALIAN HIGH COMMISSION, LONDON.

REC'D:

3RD DECEMBER, 1967.

0430 LT

15382. CONFIDENTIAL. PRIORITY.

ADDRESSED CANBERRA 15382, REPEATED AUSTUNAT NEW YORK 175, SAVINGRAM CAIRO, WASHINGTON.

FROM EXTERNAL

SOUTH YEMEN

OUR TELEGRAMS 15222 AND 15223

- 2. FOLLOWING INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM BLATHERWICK, ADEN DEPARTMENT.
 TALKS IN GENEVA.
- 3. MAIN POINTS OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN BRITISH AND NLF WERE DISCLOSED IN THE COMMUNIQUE ISSUED AT CONCLUSION OF TALKS OUR TELEGRAM 15223.
- 4. BRITISH WERE IMPRESSED BY THE SKILL AND INTELLIGENCE OF THE NLF SPOKESMEN, IN PARTICULAR SIEF AS DHALI AND QAHAN AS-SHEABI.

THE DELEGATION WAS VERY WELL BRIEFED AND HAD DONE ITS HOME-WORK.

THE ATMOSPHERE OF THE TALKS WAS AMICABLE THROUGHOUT AND, IN APPROACHING PROBLEMS SUCH AS FINANCIAL AID, THE NLF SHOWED CONSIDERABLE REALISM AND WERE KEEN TO REACH AGREEMENT WHEREVER POSSIBLE.

5. ON AID IT WAS AGREED THAT BRITAIN WOULD CONTINUE TO PROVIDE AID AT PRE-INDEPENDENCE LEVELS FOR A SIX MONTH PERIOD. (THIS WILL AMOUNT TO POUNDS 12 (TWELVE) MILLION).

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AFTER THIS PERIOD THE AMOUNT WOULD BE NEGOTIABLE.
THE BRITISH TOLD NLF THAT THEY (THE BRITISH) WOULD THEN
CONSIDER AID FOR EACH PROJECT PUT FORWARD TO THEM.
THE NLF'S PRE NEGOTIATION DEMAND FOR MORE THAN POUNDS 60
(SIXTY) MILLION SOON GAVE WAY TO REALISM.

6. THE NLF AGREED TO PROTECT FOREIGN NATIONALS.
BLATHERWICK TOLD US THAT ABOUT 200 BRITISH NATIONALS WERE
STAYING ON IN ADEN

SO FAR THE ATMOSPHERE IN ADEN HAD BEEN VERY GOOD.

IT HAD BEEN INTENDED THAT THE BRITISH NAVAL TASK FORCE WOULD BE KEPT OFF-SHORE AT ADEN FOR TWO MONTHS.

BUT IT WAS NOW LIKELY THAT THE FORCE WOULD STAY A MUCH SHORTER PERIOD.

7. THE NLF, BY AGREEING TO ACCEPT THE INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS OF BRITAIN, WERE UNDERSTOOD TO BE ASSURING THE FREEDOM OF PASSAGE OF ALL SHIPPING THROUGH THE STRAITS OF PARIM.

THIS PUT TO REST AN EARLIER THREAT BY AN NLF SPOKESMAN THAT THE NLF WOULD CLOSE THE STRAITS TO ISRAELI SHIPPING.

8. A DISAGREEMENT AROSE OVER THE FATE OF THE KWRIA MWRIA ISLANDS, OFF-SHORE ISLANDS FROM MUSCAT - ABOUT 40 MILES FROM THE COAST AND 200 MILES EAST OF THE MUSCAT SOUTH YEMEN BORDER.

THE ISLANDS HAD BEEN ADMINISTERED FROM ADEN BUT HAD NEVER FORMED PART OF THE ADEN PROTECTORATE.

THE BRITISH ARE HANDING OVER THE ISLANDS TO MUSCAT AND OMAN. (THEY HAD BEEN CEDED TO QUEEN VICTORIA BY THE SULTAN OF MUSCAT IN 1854).

THE NLF OBJECTED TO THE BRITISH INTENTION AND CLAIMED THAT THE ISLANDS WERE PART OF SOUTH YEMEN.

QAHTAN AS- SHEATR HAS APPOINTED A GOVERNOR OF THE ISLANDS AND HAS PUBLICLY ATTACKED THE BRITISH DECISION.

BLATHERWICK WAS INCLINED TO PLAY DOWN THE NLF'S STAND.
HE THOUGHT IT WAS AN NLF EXERCISE TO DEMONSTRATE TO THE
POPULATION AND THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY THAT THEY WERE FULL OF
NATIONALIST FERVOUR.

THERE WAS TOO MUCH ELSE AT STAKE FOR THE NLF TO BREAK WITH BRITAIN OVER THIS.

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I.80341

COMPLEMENTING

THE NEW GOVERNMENT.

9. THE NEW GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF SOUTH YEMEN WAS ANNOUNCED ON 1ST DECEMBER.

DRAWING ON BLATHERWICK AND THE PRESS WE HAVE OBTAINED IMPRESSIONS OF SOME OF THE MINISTERS.

(A) PRIME MINISTER AND SUPREME COMMANDER OF THE ARMED FORCES-

QAHTAN AS -SHAABI - OLDEST MEMBER OF THE CABINET, 47 YEARS. COMES FROM A MINOR SHEIKHLY FAMILY IN LAHEJ STATE. EDUCATED IN ADEN AND KHARTOUM
IN EARLY 1950'S WORKED AS AN AGRICULTURAL OFFICER IN LAHEJ
JOINED SOUTH ARABIAN LEAGUE, PROVED HIMSELF AS AN ORGANISER AND WENT TO CAIRO WHEN THE LEAGUE WAS BANNED IN 1957.
MOVED BETWEEN UAR AND YEMEN FOR SEVERAL YEARS, BROKE WITH CAIRO WHEN HE REFUSED TO JOIN WITH FLOSY.
CREATED NLF IN OCTOBER 1963.
WAS UNDER HOUSE ARREST IN CAIRO FOR ABOUT ONE YEAR BEFORE AUGUST THIS YEAR WHEN HE RETURNED TO SOUTH ARABIA AND RESUMED CONTROL.
HE IS RATHER A FATHER-FIGURE AND HAS STATURE OF A LEADER.
HE APPEARS TO HAVE GENUINE ASPIRATIONS FOR THE FUTURE OF SOUTH YEMEN.

- (B) FOREIGN AFFAIRS- SEIF DHALI 36 YEARS OLD, THE MOST INTELLIGENT AND ARTICULATE OF THE GOVERNMENT.

 THE CHIEF THEORETICIAN AND, LIKE AS-SHAABI BELIEVED THAT THEIR REVOLUTION SHOULD TAKE POWER BY VIOLENCE.

 1961-64 WAS TRAINED IN SURVEYING IN ENGLAND.

 WORKED WITH AS-SHAABI IN CAIRO.
- (C) DEFENCE- ALI AS-BAIDH LITTLE IS KNOWN ABOUT HIM.
- (D) INTERIOR- ACTING HEALTH MINISTER- MUHAED HAITHEM-FROM THE WESTERN PROTECTORATE.
 - (E) FINANCE: MAHMOND OSHAISH A LEADING TRADE UNIONIST. HEADED TRADE UNION AT B P REFINERY. ONLY MEMBER OF CABINET FROM ADEN.

BKP

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I.80341

NFIDENTIAL

- (F) CULTURE- NATIONAL GUIDANCE- YEMEN UNITY AFFAIRS-ABDUL AS-JAUJI BLATHERWICK SAID AS-JAUFI WAS AN NLF MUSCLEMAN. HIS APPOINTMENT TO CULTURAL AFFAIRS COULD BE REGARDED AS SOMETHING OF A JOKE.
- (G) ECONOMY, COMMERCE, PLANNING-FAISAL AS-SHAABI - COUSIN OF QAHTAN AS-SHAABIM
- (L) JUSTICE, RELIGIONS AFFAIRS-ADEL KHALIFA - A BRITISH TRAINED LAWYER, AN EX-DETAINEE DESCRIBED BY BLATHERWICK AS TIRESOME.
- (C) WORKS AND COMMUNICATIONS
 FAISAL SHAMLAN FROM EAST ADEN PROTECTORATE.
- (J) EDUCATION
 MUHAMMAD QADER FORMERLY AN EDUCATION OFFICER IN MUKALLA.
- (K) LABOUR AND WELFARE
 ABDUL ISMAIL A WELL KNOWN TERRORIST.
- (L) LOCAL GOVERNMENT, ACTING AGRICULTURE AND AGRANIAN REFORM: SEIYYID AKBARI EAST ADEN PROTECTORATE.
- 10. ON THE WHOLE THE FOREIGN OFFICE WAS PLEASED WITH THE SHAPE OF THE CABINET

THE EAST ADEN PROTECTORATE WAS WELL REPRESENTED WITH THRE MEMBERS.

IT WAS SURPRISING THAT ADEN HAD ONLY ONE REPRESENTATIVE.
BUT BLATHERWICK SAID THIS COULD BE BALANCED BY THE PREDOMINANCE
OF ADENIS IN THE CIVIL SERVICE.

THERE WERE NO ARMY OFFICERS IN THE CABINET. THE AVERAGE AGE WAS LITTLE OVER THIRTY.

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BKP

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I.80341

RECOGNITION OF SOUTH YEMEN.

11. BLATHERWICK SAID THAT BRITISH HAD MADE GESTURE OF RECOGNITION WHEN BRITISH CHARGE D'AFFAIRES IN ADEN MET THE NLF PARTY WHEN IT RETURNED FROM GENEVA.

IT WAS INTENDED THAT DOCUMENTS WOULD BE EXCHANGED TODAY (2 DECEMBER) FORMALLY ESTABLISHING RELATIONS BETWEEN THE TWO GOVERNMENTS.

- 12. A NUMBER OF OTHER STATES HAD RECOGNISED THE NEW GOVERNMENT BY MEANS OF TELEGRAM U.A.R. ALGERIA, TUNISIA, IRAQ, SUDAN, ITALY, MALI AND OTHER AFRICAN STATES WERE MENTIONED BY BLATHERWICK.

 HE DID NOT KNOW WHETHER UNITED STATES HAD.
- 13. BLATHERWICK EXPRESSED THE HOPE THAT AUSTRALIA WOULD SEE FIT TO RECOGNISE THE NEW GOVERNMENT SOON.

 GRATEFUL YOUR ADVICE.
- 14. SOUTH YEMEN WANTS TO JOIN UNITED NATIONS IMMEDIATELY AND WILL APPLY UNDER BRITISH SPONSORSHIP.

 BLATHERWICK SAID FOREIGN OFFICE HOPED TO GET THIS UNDER WAY

ON MONDAY 4 DECEMBER.

MIN.& DEPT.E.A.
MIN.& DEPT.DEFENCE
A/MIN.& DEPT. T.& I.
TREASURER AND TREASURY
P.M. S DEPT.
P.M. S

3RD DECEMBER, 1967,

SEC FAS(1) AS(JIC) SEA DL INT FAS(2) UN PACAM AMSP PPO FAS(3) ER AID FAS(4) EAMEC E AFME@ C CR C&P ICR PIO DEPT.DUTY OFFICER

MOSCOW NEW YORK(UN) WASHINGTON